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ලේණිය தரம் Grade 11 විෂයය ⊔π∟ம் Subject	Business and Accounting studies වනය வினாத்தார Paper	ກ່ ໄ

- (i) Answer all the questions.
- (ii) Select the most appropriate answer from the given answers (1), (2), (3), (4) from question no. 01 to 40. Put (\*) mark on the relevant answer infront of the question number in the answer sheet provided.
- Answer questions from no. 01 to 04 using following case.
- ★ Mrs. Arangala who has obtained a special training to produce organic fertilizer using modern technological methods, produces organic fertilizer using waste material. She is an owner of enough land, and produces organic fertilizer commercially. It is an advantage for her that the production house is being located in an area where farmers are engaged in growing flowers and vegetables.
- (01) According to the above case, Mrs. A rangala's business is,
  - (1) A good manufacturing business.
  - (2) A service providing business.
  - (3) A partnership business.
  - (4) A non profit business.
- (02) A strength of Mrs. Arangala's business is,
  - (1) Arangala has obtained a special training.
  - (2) Arangala has a target market.
  - (3) Having more waste material around the area.
  - (4) Having more farmers who are used to use organic fertilizer.
- (03) What is the factor of production that the organic fertilizer produced by Mrs. Arangala belongs to?
  - (1) Land
- (2) Labour
- (3) Capital
- (4) Entrepreneurship
- (04) Select the correct statement relevant to the above case.
  - (1) Arangala's business has a legal personality.
  - (2) Wasana is a partner of Arangala's business
  - (3) Farmers are not stakeholders of Arangala's business.
  - (4) It is a great opportunity to have farmers who are cultivating vegetables in this area.
- (05) Select the answer which correctly classifies business organizations based on the ownership.
  - (1) Private sector business, Small and medium scale business
  - (2) Private sector business, Public sector business
  - (3) Public sector business, Large scale business
  - (4) Profit oriented business, Non-profit oriented business

(06) One of the main objectives of a business is, (1) Generating employment opportunities. (2) Increasing customer satisfaction. (3) Protecting the quality of goods. (4) Employee welfare. (07) What is the act that determines the minimum and maximum number of partners in a partnership business. (1) The partnership ordinance of 1890. (2) No.06 of 1918 business name ordinance. (3) Cooperative societies act no 05 of 1975. (4) Company act no. 7 of 2007. (08) Mr.Saliya Jayasinghe is carrying out his business as "Saliya Stores". Select the correct statement regarding the registration of this business. (1) A legal personality will be received by registering this business. (2) It is compulsory to register the name of this business. (3) It is not compulsory to register the name of this business. (4) This business should be registered under the company act. Answer the question number 09 and 10 using following information. There are some characteristics of business organizations. A - Unlimited liability B - Having an agreement C - Having a legal personality D - Democratic control E - Well-being of members F - No need to be registered (09) The characteristics of sole proprietorship business are, (1) Aand B (2) **B** and **D** (3) A and F (4) C and E (10) Characteristics of a business type in Sri Lanka which can be started with minimum number of 10 people are, (1) A and B (2) C and D (3) D and E (4) B and F (11) What is the type of insurance in which the insured money can be obtained either damaged or not? (1) Fire insurance (2) Theft and Burglary (3) Marine Insurance (4) Life Insurance (12) Select an electronic communication media out of the following.

(4) Discussions

(3) Meetings

(2) Workshops

(1) Digital boards

(13)	3) Select the element of transportation which belongs to the introduction of solar power						
	systems to obtain pov	wer in driving vehicl	es.				
	(1) Way	(2) Medium	(3) Power	(4) Destination			
(14)	Following X column has management functions and Y column has activities relevant to the functions.						
	X		Y				
	I. Planning	A- Supervising manager	the activities of emp	loyees by the marketing`			
	II. Organizing	B-Deciding to	increase sales by 10%	o/o			
	III. Leading	C-Checking th	e increasing percenta	age of sales			
	IV. Controlling	D- Recruiting to	rade assistants				
	When matching the rin correct order, the art (1) B,A,D,C	nswer is,		the activities in column Y,  (4) B, D, C, A			
(15)				d by an investor, investing ey on a fixed deposit in the			
	(1) Capital gain, Divi	dends	(2) Interest, Capit	al gain			
	(3) Capital gain, Inter	rest	(4) Dividends, Int	erest			
(16)							

(17) A business transaction is,

- (1) The information that can be measured in terms of money and cannot be measured in terms of money.
- (2) The information that can be used to take decisions by shareholders.
- (3) 'Purchasing' goods and services on cash.
- (4) Exchanging of resources between business and other parties.

- (18) What is the transaction that affects on all the elements of assets, equity and liability out of the following?
  - (1) Owner withdrawing money Rs.5,000 for his personal use.
  - (2) Paying Rs.15,000 for creditors.
  - (3) Paying Rs.50,000 bank loan installment including Rs.6,000 bank loan interest.
  - (4) Receiving Rs. 5,000 from debtors.
- (19) Following are the values of the accounting equation in a business as at a particular date.

```
Asset = Equity + Liability 75,000 50,000 25,000
```

Select the accounting equation with correct values after receving Rs.5,000 commission income.

Asset	= Equity	+	Liability
(1) 80,000	= 50,000	+	30,000
(2) 75,000	= 50,000	+	25,000
(3) 80,000	= 55,000	+	25,000
(4) 70,000	= 50,000	+	20,000

(20) Types of the accounts and the items recorded in those accounts are given in X and Y columns respectively.

X Y
I. Asset account A- Discount allowed
II. Liability account B- Sales
III. Equity account C- Furniture
IV. Income account D- Drawings
V. Expense account E- Creditors

Select the correct combination of the accounts in X column with the items given in Y column in order.

- (1) C, E, D, A, B
- (2) C, E, B, D, A
- (3) C, E, D, B, A
- (4) C, E, B, A, D
- (21) Select the correct double entry of recording Rs.60,000 cheques received to the business from debtors.
  - (1) Cash account (debit) 60,000 Debtor account (credit) 60,000
- (2) Bank account (debit) 60,000 Debtor account (credit) 60,000
- (2) Bank account (debit) 60,000 Cash account (credit) 60,000
- (2) Bank account (debit) 60,000 Bank account (credit) 60,000

- (22) Select the correct statement relevant to trade discounts.
  - (1) Discounts are reduced when receiving money from debtors.
  - (2) Trade discounts are received only in selling goods on cash.
  - (3) Trade discounts are not recorded in accounts.
  - (4) Trade discounts are not recorded in discounts column of the cash book.
- (23) What is the correct entry of selling goods Rs.50,000 on credit.
  - (1) Creditor account (debit) Sales account (credit)
  - (2) Debtor account (debit) Sales account (credit)
  - (3) Sales account (debit) Debtor account (credit)
  - (4) Sales account (debit) Cash account (credit)
- (24) Electricity expense Rs. 5,000 has been recorded correctly in the relevant prime entry book and erroneously debited to miscellaneous account. What is the double entry of rectifying this error?
  - (1) Electricity expense account (debit) Rs. 5,000 Cash book (credit) Rs. 5,000
  - (2) Electricity expense account (debit) Rs. 5,000 Suspense account (credit) Rs. 5,000
  - (3) Electricity expense account (debit) Rs. 5,000 Miscellaneous account (credit) Rs. 5,000
  - (4) Miscellaneous account (debit) Rs. 5,000 Electricity expense account (credit) Rs. 5,000
- (25) The following information extracted from the books of Achini's business for the year end at 31.12.2019.
  - ★ Capital Rs. 500,000 (01/01/2019)
  - ★ Sales income Rs. 100,000
  - ★ Commission income Rs. 25,000
  - ★ Expense relevant for the year Rs. 50,000
  - **★** Drawing Rs. 10,000

The equity of Achini as at 31.12.2019 is,

- (1) Rs. 550,000
- (2) Rs. 565,000
- (3) Rs. 590,000
- (4)Rs. 625,000
- (26) A machine has been purchased for the use of a business. Select the source of document and prime entry book relevant to this transaction in order.
  - (1) Purchase invoice and Purcahse journal
- (2) Voucher and Cash book
- (3) Journal voucher and General journal
- (3) Purchase invoice and General journal

(27)	The bank balance of a business was Rs.15,500 as at 01/01/2020. According to the bank statement, the balance was Rs.16,000. Select the transaction which caused to the difference.  (1) The bank charges charged by the bank Rs.500.  (2) The investment income directly received to the bank Rs.500.  (3) The insurance premium charged by the bank on standing order of Rs.500.  (4) Deposited but not realized cheque was of Rs. 500.
(28)	The prime entry book which records the withdrawal of 10 loaves of bread by the owner of a bakery for personal use is, (1) General journal. (2) Purchase journal. (3) Sales journal. (4) Petty cash book.
	Answer question 29 and 30 using following information.
•	Jayabima Sports Club has 200 members. The annual membership fees per member is Rs.100. 20 members have not paid their annual membership fees by the end of the year, 31 <sup>st</sup> December 2019.
(29)	What is the membership fee that should be included in payment and receipt account for the year 2019.
	(1) Rs.22,000 (2) Rs.2,000 (3) Oz. Rs.20,000 (4) Rs.18,000
(30)	What is the correct membership fee that should be shown in the income statement

# Answer the question no 31 and 32 using following information

(2) Rs.18,000

prepared for the year ended by 31.12.2019

(1) Rs.22,000

• The total direct cost of a carpenter shop in Semini's business was Rs.58,000 for the month of January 2020. Production overhead cost was Rs.62,000. The productions are sold by keeping 20% profit margin on cost. (This business produced only 1000 wood tables for the month of January)

(3)  $\sigma_7$ . Rs.20,000

(31) According to the information of this business, the cost of a wood table is,

(1) Rs. 5,800 (2) Rs. 6,200 (3) Rs. 620 (4) Rs. 1,200

(32) The selling price of a wood table is,

(1) Rs. 1,440 (2) Rs. 1,200 (3) Rs. 1,400 (4) Rs. 1,250

(4) Rs.2,000

# Answer questions from no.33 to 40 using following information.

• The trail balance of Asanka's business as at 31.12.2019 is given below.

Description	Debit (Rs)	Credit (Rs)
Purcahse	450,000	
Sales		590,000
Building - at cost	300,000	
Equipment - at cost	50,000	
Building - provision for depreciation at 01/01/2019		30,000
Stock as at 01/01/2019	12,000	
Discount given	1,000	
Discount received		5,500
Insurance	5,500	
Advertisement	25,000	
15% Bank loan		50,000
Bank loan interest	7,500	
Debtors	18,000	
Creditors		23,000
Cash	29,500	
Capital as at 01/01/2019		200,000
	898,500	898,500

#### Additional information

- (i) Closing stock was Rs. 12,000 as at 31.12.2019.
- (ii) Rs. 2,000 should be written off as bad debts from debtors.
- (iii) Building and equipment must be depreciated annually at 10% on cost.
- (33) The cost of sales for this business as at 31.12.2019 was,
  - (1) Rs. 450,000

(2) Rs. 462,000

(3) Rs. 140,000

(4) Rs. 474,000

- (34) The gross profit of the business for the year ended by 31.12.2019 was,
  - (1) Rs. 590,000

(2) Rs. 140,000

(3) Rs. 450,000

(4) Rs. 462,000

(35) What is the total distribution expense that should be shown in profit or loss statement prepared by this business for the year ended by 31.12.2019 was,

(1) Rs. 55,000

(2) Rs. 30,000

(3) Rs. 28,000

(4) Rs. 76,000

(36)	Select the answer which includes only the current assets of this business.  (1) Debtors, Cash Balance, Building  (2) Debtors, Bank overdraft, Cash balance  (3) Closing stock, Delivery vehicle, Cash balance  (4) Debtors, Cash balance, Closing stock			
(37)	What is the net profit of the profit or loss st	atement prepared by this business for the year		
	ended by 31.12.2019?			
	(1) Rs. 69,500	(2) Rs. 76,000		
	(3) Rs. 78,000	(4) Rs. 72,500		
(38)	What is the bank loan interest that should ended by 31.12.2019?	be shown under financial expense of the year		
	(1) Rs. 7,000	(2) Rs. 7,500		
	(3) Rs. 5,000	(4) Rs. 5,500		
(39)	What is the net value of non-current assets a	as at 31.12.2019?		
	(1) Rs. 290,000	(2) Rs. 240,000		
	(3) Rs. 285,000	(4)Rs. 250,000		
(40)	The Equity of the business as at 31.12.2019	was,		
	(1) Rs. 269,500	(2) Rs. 200,000		
	(3) Rs. 254,500	(4) Rs. 224,500		

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	වර්ෂ අවසාන ඇගයීම ஆண்டிறுதி மதிப்பீடு - 2020 Year End Evaluation	
ලේණිය தரம் Grade 11 වීෂයය பπ∟ம் Subject	Business and accounting studies වනය வினாத்தார Paper	ກັ່ II

#### Instructions.

- Including the First question, answer five questions selecting two questions from each of Part I and Part II
- $\diamond$  Answer the question (i) to ((x) using following information.
- (01) Asitha who studied in science stream has followed a 6 month local food processing course after completing A/L exam. Due to Covid 19 pandemic situation, the interest of the people on local production has been increased. He started a business called "coco drink" which produces canned king coconut drink using king coconut which is inherited to Sri Lanka. There is a very good demand in the local market for canned king coconut drinks produced using safety methods.

The following balances shown in the business as at 1st January 2019.

	Rs.
Cash balance	120,0000
Equipment	300,000
Land and building	500,000
Debtors	50,000
Creditors	30,000

Following transactions occurred during the month of January 2019

	Rs.
⋆ Purchasing king coconut	100,000
⋆ Paid employee salary	20,000
★ Transportation expenses	7,000
★ Selling king coconut drink cans	200,000
★ Payable electricity expenses	3,000

Asitha expects to start exporting due to good demand in the local market for his king coconut production. He needs to expand the business for this purpose and Pathum Sanjeewa who is one of his friends joined the business on 01/02/2019. Pathum is also very interested in the business and he invested his 3 acres land of king coconut cultivation.

This business depreciates land, building and equipment assets annually. No remain of

king coconut production at the end of the month.

- (i) (a) What is type of business organization that 'Coco Drinks' business belongs to as at 01/01/2019?
  - (b) What is the factor of production that the king coconut use for the production belongs to?
- (ii) Name two strengths of 'Coco Drinks' business according to the above case.
- (iii) (a) What is your idea on registering the "Coco Drink" business?
  - (b) What is the act relevant to register this business name?
- (iv) (a) Name two advantages of new business organization after joining Pathum Sanjeewa to the existing business.
  - (b) Name the type of account that should be opened to do transactions by cheques after expansion of the business.
- (v) What is the equity of "Coco Drinks" business as at 01/01/2019?
- (vi) What is the value of current liability of this business as at 31.01.2019?
- (vii) Indicate the relevant information under the accounting equation of this business as at 01/01/2019.
- (viii) (a) Calculate the cash balance of "Coco Drinks" business as at 31/01/2019.
  - (b) If the business depreciates non-current assets 12% annually at cost, calculate the total value of depreciation
- (ix) Record the above annual depreciation in general journal with narration.
- (x) Calculate the net profit of "Coco Drinks" business as at 31.01.2019

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

#### **Part I - Business studies**

#### **Answer two questions only.**

- (02) (i) (a) Define factors of production.
  - (b) Name two activities done by the entrepreneur.
  - (ii) State whether following statements are true or false.
    - (a) Businesses always consider the customer preferences, income level and social status (......)
    - (b) Entrepreneurship is anything that produced by man to facilitate manufacturing. (.....)
    - (c) Obtaining high quality products is the aim of suppliers. (...........)
    - (d) Political environment is the policies that guide the economic activities of a country. (.....)
  - (iii) Chathurika started a business of selling school books in a place close to a school. Janaka has supplied books to the business. Due to the expansion of business; Bandara has been recruited as a manager and large number of school students are coming to buy books everyday.
    - (a) Name two ways of classifying the business environment according to the given case.
    - (b) Write two examples for each business environment you mentioned in (a) according to the given case.

- (iv) Prices of goods and services has been increased for a long time in Sri Lankan market
- (a) What is the economic environmental factor called as continuously increasing general price level.
- (b) Explain foreign exchange rate as a factor of economic environment.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

- (03) (i) (a) Define business organizations.
  - (b) Name two ways of classifying business based on the objectives.
  - (ii) State whether following statements are true or false.
    - (a) Amount of capital, number of employees are few criteria used to classify business organizations based on the scale (.....)
    - (b) Not having a continues existence is an advantage of a partnership business as well as in sole proprietorship business. (..........)

    - (d) A state cooperation is established under the special act or existing general act (.....)
  - (iii) A trade is decided as a retail or whole sale depend on buyer's intention.
    - (a) What is retail trade?
    - (b) Write two characteristic of whole sale trade.
  - (iv) Pathum Sanjeewa is a talented businessman succeeded in his business due to his courage. He does the business transactions through cheques after opening current account.
    - (a) What is crossing a cheque?
    - (b) Name two ways of crossing a cheque.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

- (04) (i) (a) Introduce the marketing mix.
  - (b) What is target market?
  - (ii) State whether following statements are true or false.
    - (a) Destination is an element of transportation (..........)
    - (b) Insurance obtained to cover the risk of building, machinery, motor vehicle and stock is called assurance. (.........)
    - (c) CEY NET teller card (ATM) is issued by Sampath Bank. (...........)
    - (d) The fixed deposits interest can be obtained monthly or afer matured. (...........)
  - (iii) Lalani is a famous business woman. She started "Lalani Beauty Salon" on 10/01/2018. She has decided her business objectives properly and very eagerly in determining the activities to achieve those business objectives. She has led her employees to achieve objectives by providing correct instructions and leadership.
    - (a) Name two managerial functions that can be identified in Lalani's business.
    - (b) Write examples for the managerial functions you have mentioned in the above (a).
  - (iv) Investment has a special place in achieving economic development.
    - (a) Explain the "share" issued by a company.
    - (b) Name two benefits of purchasing treasury bills.  $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ marks})$

# Part II - Accounting

# **Answer two questions only**

(05) (i) (a) What is the aim of accounting?

(02 marks)

(b) Write two characteristics of a liability.

(02 marks)

- (ii) Following shows the transactions occurred in Danansooriya's business during the first week of the month of January.
  - (a) obtaining a bank loan Rs. 50,000
  - (b) Owner withdrawing money Rs. 8,000 from the business to his personal use
  - (c) Purchasing furniture Rs. 30,000 for the use of business
  - (d) Purchasing goods Rs. 15,000
  - (e) Selling goods on cash, including Rs. 1,000 profit. Cost was Rs. 4,000

### Required,

(a) Show the effect of each of the above transactions on accounting equation. (use the below format to provide the answers)

Transaction	Asset		Equity	Liability		
Transaction	Furniture	Stock	Cash	Cash Equity		Creditor
1/1balance	60,000	12000	200000	262000		10000
1			+50,000		+50,000	
2						

(03 marks)

- (b) What is the total amount of asset of Dannansooriya's business at the end of the first week? (01 marks)
- (iii) Following shows the transactions for the month of March in Dammika's business.

Date	Invoice	Suplier	Net value of invoice
	No		Rs.
3/5	130	Gayan	11,000
3/12	215	Asanka	8,750
3/20	300	Ruwan	3,250

#### Required,

- (a) Prepare the purchase journal for the month of March.
- (b) Prepare relevant ledger accounts. (04 marks)
  (Total Marks 12)
- (06) (i) a) Name two prime entry books maintained by a business.
  - b) Cash book performs two functions. Name those two functions. (02 marks)
  - (ii) Following shows the information of petty cash book of Prabhani's business for the month of January 2020.

Petty cash impress of the month is Rs. 2,000. Cash in hand is Rs. 150 as at 31.12.2019 Petty cash expense of the month are as follows.

1/5	Postal Charges	<b>Rs.</b> 80
1/12	Carriage inwards	Rs.400
1/16	Registered fees	Rs.120
1/20	Purchase of office chairs	Rs.900
1/25	Refreshment expense	Rs.200
1/30	Sundry expense	Rs.200

### Required,

- 1. Reimbursment by the main cashier as at 01/01/2020.
- 2. What is the total value of expenses of the "ledger account" column as at 31.01.2020. (02 marks)
- (iii) Bank balance of Uditha's business as at 01.06.2020 was Rs.60,000. Following transactions are made with the current account during the month of June.

#### **Deposits**

6/2	Cash	Rs. 18,000
6/12	Cheque deposit	Rs. 20,000
6/25	Cheque deposit	Rs.16,000

# Cheque issues

6/4	To creditor Sandamali Rs. 8,000
6/12	Paid salary Rs.12,000
6/18	Electricity charges Rs. 6,000
6/27	Purchase Rs. 26,000

Record the above transactions in the bank account and balance off it (04 marks)

(iv) Following shows the bank account and bank statement of Puwen's business for

(iv) Following shows the bank account and bank statement of Ruwan's business for the month of January.

Ruwan's business
Bank account for the month of January 2020

1/1	Balance b/f	15000	1/2	Lalith (30)	5000
1/5	Cash(cheq no 40)	4000	1/4	Piyal (31)	2000
1/15	Cash(cheq no 75)	2500	1/6	Saman (32)	3000
1/20	Cash(cheq no 45)	3200	1/10	Kamal (33)	8000
1/29	Cash(cheq no 48)	1300	1/25	Nimal salary (34)	4000
1/30	Cash(cheq no 34)	4800	1/31	Balance c/d	8800
		30800			30800

#### **Bank Statment**

Date	Description	Debit	Credit	Balance
1/1	Balance b/f			15000
1/4	Cheque no 30 Lalith	5000		10000
1/7	Cheque deposit (40)		4000	14000
1/17	Cheque deposit (75)		2500	16500
1/18	Cheque no 31 Piyal	2000		14500
1/20	Cheque no 32 Sanan	3000		11500
1/22	Cheque deposit (40)		3200	14700
1/23	Bank Charges	700		14000
1/24	Rent	4000		10000
1/26	Janaka		10000	20000

# Required,

- 1. Bank account adjusted as at 31/01/2020.
- 2. Prepare bank reconciliation statement as at 31/01/2020.

(04 marks)

(Total 12 marks)

- (07) (i) (a) Name two steps of calculating profit or operational results of a business by preparing profit or loss account.
  - (b) Write the double entry of recording bad debts.

(02 marks)

- (ii) The information of children chairs manufacturing business for the month of January 2019 is given below.
  - ★ Production units 100
  - ★ Direct expense Rs. 40000
  - ★ Transportation cost per unit Rs. 5000
  - ★ Production cost per unit Rs. 500
  - ★ Keeps 25% profit margin on cost, when deciding the selling price.

## Required,

- (a) Total production overhead cost for the month of January 2019.
- (b) Selling price per unit.

 $(02 \, marks)$ 

# (iii) The trail balance of Chandani's business as at 31.12.2019 is given bellow

Description	Debit (Rs)	Credit Rs.
Land and building	500000	
Machine (at cost)	300000	
Provision for depreciation - Machine (2019/01/10)		30000
Stock 01/01/2019	50000	
Sales		400000
Purchase	120000	
Discount received		3000
Discount given	2000	
Carriages inwards	6000	
10% Bank Loan		120000
Salary and wages	8000	
Debtors	15000	
Creditors		12000
Advertising expense	4000	
Loading expense	2000	
Bank loan interest	6000	
Electricity charges	5000	
Rates and insurance	3000	
Capital		465000
Cash balance	9000	
	1030,000	1030,000

### Additional information

- ★ Closing stock as at 31/12/2019 was Rs.35000.
- ★ The machines are depreciated on straight line method at 10% on cost.
- ★ Written off 10% as bad debts from the debtors.

# Required

(a) Profit or loss statement for the year ended 31/12/2019. (04 marks)

(b) Statement of financial position as at 31/12/2019. (04 marks)

(Total 12 marks)

මස්තාහිර පළාත් අධ්‍යාපත දෙපාර් ගෙන ගැසාකාස් සන්ඛ්ණු නිසා Western Province Education De මස්තාහිර පළාත් අධ්‍යාපත දෙපාර් ගෙන ගැසාකාස් සන්ඛණු නිසා Western Province Education De මස්තාහිර පළාත් අධ්‍යාපත දෙපාර් ගෙන ගැසාකාස් සන්බණු නිසා Western Province Education De	partment Western Provin නමෙන්තුව බස්නාහිර පළාත් හාස්සභාග ගොඩා ගාසණා partment Western Provin නමේන්තුව බස්නාහිර පළාත් හාස්සභාග ගෙන ගාසණා	மேல் மாகாணக்	ධනාපන දෙපාර්ත ෙ	මේන්තුව ස්සභාග ස්සභාග Province Educt දොත් අධ්‍යාපන සහක්ස් සමක් Province	දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව බස්නාහිර පළාත් අධ්යාපන දු නිකාණන්නාග් ඔබහ unatamas නිරේඛණ් දුන් නිකාණන්නාග් ඔබහ unatamas නිරේඛණ් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව බස්නාහිර පළාත් අධ්යාපන දුන් නිකාණන්නාග් ඔබහේ unatamas නිරේඛණ් ස්ත්රා Department Western Province Educat දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව බස්නාහිර පළාත් අධ්යාපන දුන් නිකාණන්නාග් ඔබහේ unatamas නිරේඛණ් ස්ත්රා Department Western Province Educat tion Department Western Province Calcus			
වර්ෂ අවසාන ඇගයීම ஆண்டிறுதி மதிப்பீடு - 2020 Year End Evaluation								
		N	පිළිතුරු පතුය Iarking Scheme					
ලේණිය தரம் Grade		විෂයය unlid Subject Busines	s and accounting	studies	உறும வினாத்தாள் Paper			
		Business and A	Accounting Stu	dies I				
	(1) 1	(11) 4	(21) 1	(31) 4				
	(2) 1	(12) 1	(22) 3	(32) 1				
	(3) 3	(13) 3	(23) 2	(33) 1				
	(4) 4	(14) 3	(24) 3	(34) 2				
	(5) 2	(15) 4	(25) 2	(35) 3				
	(6) 2	(16) 2	(26) 3	(36) 4				
	(7) 4	(17) 4	(27) 2	(37) 1				
	(8) 2	(18) 3	(28) 1	(38) 2				
	(9) 3	(19) 3	(29) 4	(39) 3				
	(10) 3	(20) 3	(30) 3	(40) 1				
				`	$arks 1 \times 40 = 40$			
			ecounting Stud	ies II	(1 1)			
* *		orship business			(1 mark)			
<b>\</b>	Land	1 - ( 41- £-			(1 mark)			
			ood processing co to is interested in		(2 mark)			
		_	nducting the bus					
(III) (u) I	t mas to octog	Sistered when eo	nadeting the ods	mess without o	(1 mark)			
(b) 1	Number 6 of	Business Name	Ordinance 1918		(1 mark)			
• •	★ can raise r		1		` ,			
, ,		different skills	of partner an	y of two 1 mar	ks			
	⋆ can take c	ollective decisio	ns					
	⋆ shared lial	bility among par	tner					
(b) c	urrent accou	nt			(1 mark)			
(v) Rs. 2	2020,000				(2 marks)			
(vi) Rs.3	3000/-				(2 marks)			
		T:4	T ' 1 '1'					
(vii) Ass	set =	Equity +	Liability					

(viii) (a) Cash book

Balance	1200000	Purchase	100000
Sales	200000	Salary	20000
		Transportation	7000
		Balance c/d	1273000
	1400000		1400000
		I	

(b) Rs. 8000 (1 mark)

# General journal

(ix) Date v/n Description L/p Debit Credit 1/31 Equipment depreciation account dr 3000 Accumulated equipment depreciation cr 3000 (Recording annual depreciation in the accounts) (1 mark) Land and building depreciation account dr 5000 Accumulated land & building depreciation account cr 5000 (Recording annual land & building depreciation in the accounts) (1 mark)

# (x) Calculate the profit

Sales		200000
(-)		
Purchase	100000	
Salary	20000	
Transport	7000	
Electricity	3000	
Depreciation	8000	(138000)
Net Profit		62000

(2 marks2)

(Total marks  $2 \times 10 = 20$ )

# Part I - Business studies

02)	(i)	(a)	The various resources required to produce g	goods and service are	known as
			factors of production.		(1 mark)
		(b)	Takes the risk, Creates innovation and taking	decisions	(1 mark)
	(ii)	(a)	True (b) False (c) False	(e) True	(2 marks)
	(iii)	(a)	Internal environment, external environment	-	(1 mark)
		(b)	Internal environment - owner (chathurika),	Manager (Bandara)	
			External environment - supplier (Janaka)		
			School students - customers		(1 mark)
		(iv)	(a) Inflation		(1 mark)
		(b)	The rate at which the currency of one country	is exchanged with th	e currency
			of another country		(1 mark)
				(Total	08 marks)
(03)	(i)	(a)	Business organization is consist of an indi	vidual or a group of	individua
			working together to produce goods and se	rvices required to ful	lfil human
			needs and wants		(1 mark)
		(b)	Profit oriented business, nonprofit oriented b	usiness	(1 mark)
	(ii)	(a)	True (b) False (c) False (	d) True	(2 marks)
	(iii)	(a)	Selling goods and services for final consump	tion	(1 mark)
		(b)	Purchasing goods for the purpose of reselling	5	
			Selling large quantities of goods in one transa	two factors -	1 mark
			Unit selling price is relatively low	two factors -	THAIK
		<i>(</i> )	Providing trade discounts	J	/4 1 N
	(1V)		Drawing two parallel lines on the face of a ch	eque	(1 mark)
			* General crossing		
			* Special crossing		(1 mark)
				(Total 0)	8 marks)
(04)	(i)	(a)	Marketing mix is a set of variables used to ac	chieve marketing obje	ectives of a
			business within a target market.		(1 mark)
		(b)			•
		<i>(</i> )	more attractive and profitable way is the targ		(1 mark)
		(a)		d) True	(2 marks)
	(111)	(a)	• Planing		(1 1)
		(1.)	• Leading		(1 mark)
		(b)	<ul> <li>Planning - determining the objectives of activities to achieve those objectives</li> </ul>	the business, deterr	nining the
			• Leading - Giving required information to ea	mployees	(1 mark)

-03-

- (iv) (a) The capital of a company could be divided into equal portions and one such portion is known as a share (1 mark)
  - (b) ability to earn fixed rate of interest ability to convert into cash at anytime a full guarantee from the government

1 mark for two factors
(1 mark)
(Total 08 marks)

### Part II - Accounting

- (05) (i) (a) To provide useful information to interested parties of a business (2 mark)
  - (b) Arouse as a result of a past transaction, having a current obligation, outflow of economic resources when settlement is made (2 mark)
  - (ii) (a)

Transaction		Asset		F:	Liability	
Transaction	Furniture		Cash	Equity	Bank loan	Creditor
1/1 balance	60,000	12000	200000	262000	-	10,000
(1)			+50,000			+ 5000
(2)		1/2	-8000	-8000		
(3)	+30,000		-30,000			
(4)		+ 150001/2	-15000 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>			
(5)		-4000½	+50001/2	+10001/2		

(3 marks)

(b) Furniture - 90,000

Stock - 23,000 Cash - 202,000

Total cash - 315,000 (1 mark)

(iii)

(

#### Purchase account

Date	I/N	Supplier	Value	Ledger Page
3/5 3/12 3/20 3/31	350 215 300	Gayan ½ Asanka ½ Ruwna ½ Debited to purchase accounts	11000 8750 3250 23000	

(2 marks)

## Purchase account

Date	Description	1/f	Value	Date	Description	1/f	Value
3/31	Creditors		23000 1/2				

### Gayan account

Date	Description	1/f	Value	Date	Description	1/f	Value
				3/5	Purchase ½		11000

#### Asanka account

Date	Description	1/f	Value	Date	Description	1/f	Value
				3/12	Purchase ½		8750

#### Ruwan account

Date	Description	1/f	Value	Date	Description	1/f	Value
				3/20	Purchase ½		3250

(06) (i) (a) Cash book

Petty cash book

Bank account

Purchase journal

Sales journal

General journal

any two of them (1 mark)

(b) perform as a prime entry book and perform as a ledger account (1 mark)

(ii) (a) Reimbursement amount Rs. 1,850

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(Total 12 marks)

(b) Rs. 1300

(1 mark)

(iii)

# Bank account

Date	R/ N	Description	L/ P	Value Rs.	Date	V/ N	Description	L/ <b>P</b>	Value Rs.
6/1		Balance b/f ½		60,000	6/4		Sandamali		8000
6/2		Cash		18,000	6/12		Salary Payments½		12000
6/12		Cash (cheq)½		20,000	6/18		Electricity ½		6000
6/25		Cash (cheq)½		16,000	6/27		Purchase ½		26,000
					6/30		Balance c/d ½		62,000
				<b>½</b> 114000					114000

(4 marks)

(iv)

# Bank Account (adjusted)

Date	Description	1/ f	Value	Date	Description	1/ f	Value Rs.
1/31	Balance b/f 1/2		88,00		Bank charges ½		700
	Kamal ½		10,000		Rent ½		4000
				1/31	Balance b/f ½		14100
			18,800				18,800
2/1	Balance b/f ½		14,100				

Bank Reconciliation statement

1/31	Adjust bank account balance	1/2	14100
	Issued but not_yet presented		
	Cheque - 33	8000	
	Cheque - 34	4000 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	12000
			26100
	Less		
	Unrealized cheque		
	Cheque - 48	1300	
	Cheque - 34	4800	(6100) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
1/31	Balance as per the bank		20,0001/2

(4 mark)

(Total 12 marks)

(07) (i) (a) • Gross Profit • Net Profit (1 mark)
(b) • Bad debts account debit • Debtor account credit (1 mark)
(ii) (a) Rs. 10000 (1 mark)
(b) Rs. 625 (1 mark)

(iii) Chandani's Business
Profit or loss account
for the year ended 31st December 2019

Sales			400000
(-) cost of sales			
Opening stock		50000	
+ Purchase		120000	
Loading expenses		2000	2000
carriage inwards		6000	
		178000	
(-) closing stock		(35000) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	
cost of sale			(143000)½
gross profit			257000 <b>½</b>
+income - discount received			3000
(-) expenses			260,000
distribution expenses			
bad debts	1500 <b>½</b>		
discount given	2000		
advertisement	4000	7500	
administrative expenses	30000 ½		
machinery depreciation	8000		
salary and wages	5000		
electricity	3000		
rent and rate		46000	
financial expenses	12000		
loan interest		12000 ½	(65500) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
the capital account			194500
1	I	I	ı

# Chandani's business Statement of financial position as at 31st December 2019

>	1/2

Non current asset	cost	Accu.depr	Net value
		eciation	
Land and building	500000	-	500000
Machinary	300000	600001/2	240000
	800000	60000	740000 <mark>½</mark>
<u>Current asset</u>			
Closing stock		350001/2	
Debtors		135001/2	
Cash		9000	57500
Total asset			797500 <b>½</b>
Equity and liability			
Capital		465000	
(+) Net profit		194500½	659500
Non augment liability			
Non current liability			
Bank loan			120000
Current liability			
Accrued loan interest	60001/2		
Creditors	12000		18000
Total equity and liability			797500

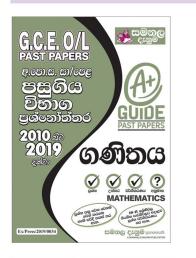
(8 marks) (Total 12 marks)

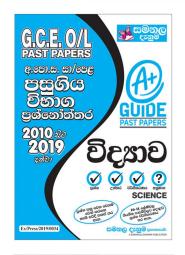
# අපොස සා/පෙළ පසුගිය විහාග පුශ්නෝන්නර වට්ටම් සහිනව ගෙදරටම ගෙන්වාගැනීමට

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G.C.E.O/L PAST PAPERS

අ.නො.ස. සා/පෙළ

පසුගිය

විතාග පුශ්නෝත්තර

අ.පො.ස. සා/පෙළ

පසුගිය

පුශ්නෝත්තර

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2010 so 2019

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විදනව

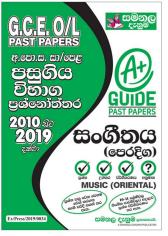
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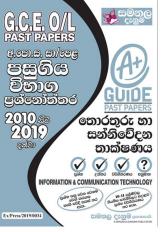
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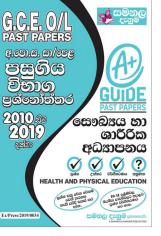
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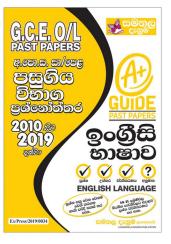
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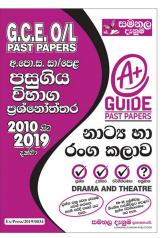
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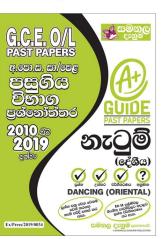


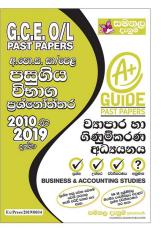


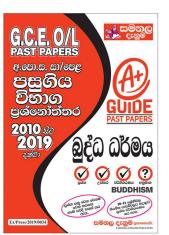












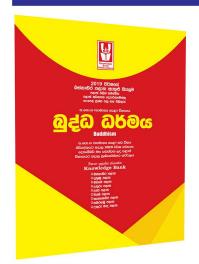








# පළාත් පුශ්ත පතු **නැ**ග පිළිතුර් පතු පොත්









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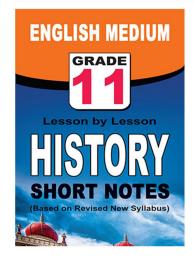


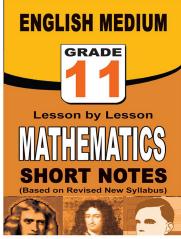


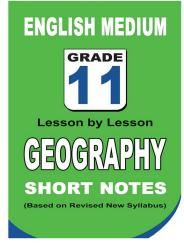


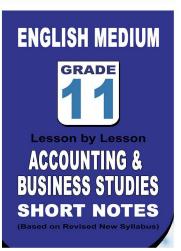


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වට්ටම් සහිතව ගෙදරටම ගෙන්වාගැනීමට www.lol.lk

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පුශ්නපතු පොත් ගෙදරටම ගෙන්ව ගන්න ඔන්ලයින් ඔඩර් කරන්න WWW.LOL.LK වෙත යන්න



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