

## නව නිර්දේශය/புதிய பாடத்திட்டம்/New Syllabus

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව  
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

NEW

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020  
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020  
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

இசுக்கியானி டர்மம் I  
 கிறிஸ்தவம் I  
 Christianity I

43 E I

පැය දෙකයි  
 இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம்  
 Two hours

## Instructions:

- \* Answer *all* the questions.
- \* Write your **Index Number** in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- \* Instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow those carefully.
- \* In each of the questions 1 to 50, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is **correct or most appropriate** and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (×) in accordance with the instructions given in the back of the answer sheet.

1. According to Jewish and Christian acceptance, how many books are there in the Old Testament?  
 (1) 36 (2) 37 (3) 39  
 (4) 46 (5) 48
2. A heroic leader among the characters mentioned in the Old Testament is  
 (1) Gideon. (2) Aaron. (3) Judah.  
 (4) Levi. (5) Amos.
3. The Samaritan community of the Northern kingdom of Israel was originated due to  
 (1) a group of Israelites who settled in Assyria.  
 (2) a group of Israelites who settled in Babylon.  
 (3) the inhabitants of the North who had been exiled to Assyria and had not returned to the motherland.  
 (4) the intermarriages between the remaining Israelites and the pagan settlers of Assyria.  
 (5) the intermarriages between the inhabitants of Babylon and the rest of Israelites.
4. Some books which belong to the Holy Bible are mentioned below as couples. From them which couple of books belong to the Pentateuch?  
 (1) Joshua and Judges. (2) Ruth and Ezra.  
 (3) Exodus and Numbers. (4) Nehemiah and Esther.  
 (5) Obadiah and Jonah.
5. In the original copy which the first account of creation was included, the sun and the moon were not mentioned. The reason for it is  
 (1) the Sun and the Moon were created after the seven days.  
 (2) the names for the Sun and the Moon were not being used at that time.  
 (3) the Sun and the Moon existed before the act of creation.  
 (4) this story was written against polytheism in a polytheistic environment.  
 (5) 'the greater light' and 'the lesser light' were used for the Sun and the Moon because it was easy.
6. As man was created into the image of God he is taking part in the act of creation, and in a way he is called to have dominion over the world. The meaning implied by the verb 'dominion over' ('rada' in Hebrew) is  
 (1) to look after. (2) to have control over.  
 (3) to subdue. (4) the authority given to the first parents.  
 (5) the permission to kill animals for the needs.

7. Once the prehistoric man had reached the climax of his separation from God, the process of reversing his journey began with  
 (1) Noah. (2) Esau. (3) Isaac. (4) Jacob. (5) Abraham.
8. The main reason for God to choose leaders like Isaac and Jacob was  
 (1) that they were brave.  
 (2) his love.  
 (3) the life experiences they have had.  
 (4) the sanctity of those leaders.  
 (5) that they descend from Abraham.
9. Moses and Aaron, while heading to the river at dawn to meet Pharaoh asked him to allow the Israelites to worship God in the wilderness. The plagues caused due to the refusal was  
 (1) 1, 4 and 7. (2) 2, 5 and 8. (3) 3, 6 and 9. (4) 4, 6 and 10. (5) 5, 6 and 8.
10. When was the Passover lamb slaughtered?  
 (1) in between 6 a.m. to 3 p.m. (2) in between 6 a.m. to 4 p.m.  
 (3) in between 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. (4) in between 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.  
 (5) in between 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
11. The place where bitter-water was turned into fresh water by throwing in the tree shown by the God during the journey to wilderness is,  
 (1) Massah. (2) Meribah. (3) Marah. (4) Timsha. (5) Siribonis.
12. Who was the prophet to proclaim the first Messianic prophecy?  
 (1) Nathan (2) Isaiah (3) Elijah (4) Joel (5) Amos
13. "Yahweh is salvation" is the meaning of a name given to a prophet from those given below. Who is that prophet?  
 (1) Elijah (2) Jeremiah (3) Nathan (4) Amos (5) Isaiah
14. The sub numbering of the psalms is different in one psalm of the Hebrew and Greek versions of the Old Testament. This discrepancy is due to the division of one Hebrew psalm into two in the Greek version. What are those two psalms?  
 (1) Nos. 7 and 8 (2) Nos. 8 and 9  
 (3) Nos. 9 and 10 (4) Nos. 10 and 11  
 (5) Nos. 11 and 12
15. The temple tax was to be paid in shekel coins, because  
 (1) they were durable.  
 (2) the transaction was easy with shekel coins.  
 (3) the shekel coins had a higher value.  
 (4) the Roman coin had Caesar's face.  
 (5) changing it into other currency was easy.
16. According to the present accepted view of the majority, the Gospel of Luke was written in between  
 (1) 60 - 70 AD. (2) 65 - 75 AD.  
 (3) 70 - 80 AD. (4) 75 - 85 AD.  
 (5) 80 - 90 AD.
17. What is the time stretch that the content of the book of Acts of the Apostles covers?  
 (1) 20 years (2) 25 years  
 (3) 30 years (4) 35 years  
 (5) 40 years

18. The book in the New Testament which unfolds the salvation history is
- (1) the letter written to the Corinthians.
  - (2) the Acts of the Apostles.
  - (3) the Book of Revelation.
  - (4) the letter written to the Romans.
  - (5) the Gospel of Mark.
19. Who laid hands on St. Paul to regain his sight after Jesus appearance?
- (1) Aquila
  - (2) Peter
  - (3) Cornelius
  - (4) Barnabas
  - (5) Ananias
20. Whose intercession helped St. Paul to serve the mixed congregation of Jewish and non-Jewish members of Antioch in Syria?
- (1) Ananias
  - (2) Barnabas
  - (3) John Mark
  - (4) Lydia of Thyatira
  - (5) Aquila and Priscilla
21. The purpose of St. Paul's first mission journey was
- (1) to explore the growth of faith in the new churches and give necessary guidance.
  - (2) to make aware the members of the new faith and to encourage them.
  - (3) to strengthen the faith of the Christian believers and encourage them.
  - (4) to communicate the decisions of the council of Jerusalem to other churches.
  - (5) to witness to the guidance received from the Holy Spirit in the church of Antioch.
22. The city in which St. Paul was stoned and thrown out thinking that he was dead is
- (1) Derbe.
  - (2) Iconium.
  - (3) Perga in Pamphylia.
  - (4) Lystra.
  - (5) Antioch of Pisidia.
23. St. Paul met Aquila and Priscilla at
- (1) Corinth.
  - (2) Perga.
  - (3) Phenicia.
  - (4) Galatia.
  - (5) Derbe.
24. Among the twelve apostles chosen by Christ, the two apostles who were **not** part and partial of the common society of people were
- (1) Jacob and John.
  - (2) Matthew and Bartholomew.
  - (3) Simon and Andrew.
  - (4) Philip and Thomas.
  - (5) Simon and Jude Thaddeus.
25. What is the first proof of the resurrection of Jesus in the Gospels?
- (1) appearance in the journey to Emmaus
  - (2) appearance to St. Thomas
  - (3) appearance to his disciples
  - (4) the miracle of fishing
  - (5) the empty tomb
26. "You are my Son, the beloved; with you I am well pleased". This statement mentioned in the Gospel of Mark is a combination of two verses found in two books of the Old Testament. These books are
- (1) the Proverbs and Jeremiah.
  - (2) the Psalms and Jeremiah.
  - (3) the Psalms and Ezekiel.
  - (4) Isaiah and Jeremiah.
  - (5) the Psalms and Isaiah.
27. Other than in the three Synoptic Gospels the event of the institution of Holy Eucharist by Christ is reported in
- (1) the letter of the Philippians.
  - (2) the letter of the Romans.
  - (3) the letter of the 1 Corinthians.
  - (4) the letter of the Ephesians.
  - (5) the letter of the 2 Corinthians.

28. The traditional act which was performed before the Eucharistic banquet in the Corinthian church was  
 (1) a meal given to the poor. (2) a rite of physical preparation.  
 (3) a thanks-giving meal. (4) a rite of fasting.  
 (5) a meal of communion/ love.
29. Although the deacons appointed in the early Christian Church were engaged in social services, the two tasks beside them that Stephen and Philip performed were  
 (1) providing relief and taking care of the sick.  
 (2) preaching Good News and directing to baptism.  
 (3) providing relief and preaching Good News.  
 (4) teaching religion and conducting rites.  
 (5) helping the destitute and directing to safeguard peace.
30. Those martyred during the empire of Marcus Aurelius were  
 (1) St. Justin, St. Agnes and St. Felix the Pope.  
 (2) St. Polycarp, St. Lucia and St. Sebastian.  
 (3) St. Fabian, St. Agatha and St. Alexander.  
 (4) St. Irenius, St. Perpetua and St. Lawrence.  
 (5) St. Justin, St. Cecilia and St. Polycarp.
31. What is the certificate that was to be received by all the people in the era of the empire of Desius showing their desire to offer sacrifices to the statues of Roman gods and goddesses and of the emperor and to divinely worship the ones depicted by those statues?  
 (1) Certificate of Sabhath. (2) Certificate of Libellus.  
 (3) Certificate of the edict of Milan. (4) Certificate of Sanhedrin council.  
 (5) Certificate issued by the Senate.
32. Who issued the edict of Milan in 313 AD?  
 (1) Galerius (2) Licinius (3) Constantine (4) Maximinus (5) Maxentius
33. Who belongs to the category of Latin Fathers of the Church?  
 (1) St. Basil the great (2) St. Augustine (3) St. Athanasius  
 (4) St. John Chrysostom (5) St. Gregory of Nazianus
34. Who fought against misbelief and wrong policies after becoming the Bishop of Alexandria in 412 AD?  
 (1) St. Cyril (2) St. Athanasius (3) St. Tertullian  
 (4) St. Augustine (5) St. Jerome
35. Through his experiences, the valuable statement that "the blood of the martyrs is the seed that gives birth to Christians" was said by  
 (1) St. Ambrose. (2) St. Oregon. (3) St. Jerome.  
 (4) St. Cyril. (5) St. Tertullian.
36. Who presented a misconception on Mary which caused to confirm further that she is the Mother of God?  
 (1) Nestorian (2) Evyticus (3) Arius  
 (4) Napoleon (5) Plavion
37. Consider the statements given below.  
 A - St. Boniface introduced an alphabet to the people of Slavic tribe.  
 B - The order of Cistercian monks was founded by monastic Robert of Molesme.  
 C - St. Boniface was known as the Apostle of Germany.  
 D - Fall of Western empire caused the rise of the Western Catholic Church.  
 E - The Forefather Carmel Doles of Constantinople accused the Church.
- The correct statements given above are,  
 (1) A and B only. (2) B and C only. (3) C and D only.  
 (4) C and E only. (5) D and E only.

38. In the crusade of Twelfth Century, the Church could acquire  
(1) Rome. (2) The Paris campus. (3) Constantinople.  
(4) Jerusalem. (5) Wittenberg Campus.
39. The Religious Order which was an off shoot of the Franciscan Order that began in thirteenth century is  
(1) the Vincentian Order.  
(2) the Order of the Sisters of Charity.  
(3) Capuchin Order.  
(4) Carmelite Order.  
(5) the Order of the Sisters of the Cross.
40. The action taken to respond to the teaching of Reformation Churches and to strengthen the position of the Catholic Church in 1545 AD was,  
(1) the initiation of monastic and religious orders.  
(2) the initiation of an active church by Wesley brothers.  
(3) calling of the Chalcedon Council.  
(4) calling of the Council of Trent.  
(5) the establishment of Carmelite monasteries near universities.
41. The need for renewal and updating of the Church in harmony with the progressive world was sharply viewed by  
(1) Pope John XXIII. (2) Pope John Paul II.  
(3) Pope Paul VI. (4) Pope Gregory XII.  
(5) Pope Leo XIII.
42. The recommendations and orders of the Vatican Council II influenced powerfully and initially on  
(1) Missionary work. (2) Liturgy.  
(3) Religious life. (4) Priestly life and services.  
(5) Divine Revelations.
43. The missionary group which arrived in Sri Lanka under the leadership of Fr. John Vila de Konde in 1543 AD was  
(1) Franciscan missionaries.  
(2) Jesuit missionaries.  
(3) Dominican missionaries.  
(4) Augustinian missionaries.  
(5) Missionaries of the Oblates of Mary Immaculate.
44. The one who built a trade store in Colombo with the permission of the king of Kotte, and set up to build a small church nearby is,  
(1) Francisco de Almeida. (2) Juwan de Vila. (3) Anthonio.  
(4) Laurenso de Almeida. (5) Ganzalo.
45. What could be considered as a deficiency in the evangelization by the Portuguese missionaries in this country?  
(1) not training indigenous priests  
(2) not issuing religious books  
(3) not presenting an attractive mission to the people.  
(4) not receiving help from Portugal  
(5) not belonging to political power
46. The reason for Holland to become a powerful country in Europe after withdrawing from Spanish dominance is the act of  
(1) giving priority to religious activities.  
(2) joining up the Portugal.  
(3) establishing of Eastern Indian Trade Company.  
(4) getting help from foreign priests.  
(5) functioning of 'Magna Carta' bill.

47. The person who is considered as 'the father of Sri Lankan Catholic literature' is  
(1) Rev. Fr. Pedro Feraro. (2) Rev. Fr. Joseph Carvalho.  
(3) Rev. Fr. Jacome Gonzalves. (4) Rev. Fr. Pedro de Saldana.  
(5) Rev. Fr. Joseph de Jesu Maria.
48. Who came to Sri Lanka in 1658 AD to take in charge of the Dutch Army and also worked in charge of the Priestly mission of Dutch Army unit of Galle is  
(1) Rev. Fr. Christopher Bonjean. (2) Rev. Fr. Joseph Bravi.  
(3) Rev. Fr. John Stephen Semeriya. (4) Rev. Philippus Baldeus.  
(5) Rev. John Stephen.
49. The characteristics of divine affinity and humanity are,  
(1) Obedience and humility. (2) Intelligence and wisdom.  
(3) Charity and kindness. (4) Generosity and modesty.  
(5) Fear of God and advising.
50. What does St. Paul insist in the section of 1 Corinthians 1:10-13?  
(1) the need of mission. (2) the humility and obedience.  
(3) the unity of the Church. (4) the value of pastoral work.  
(5) the act of praying.

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## නව නිර්දේශය/புதிய பாடத்திட்டம்/New Syllabus

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව  
 திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

NEW

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020  
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020  
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

ක්‍රිස්තියානි ධර්මය II  
 கிறிஸ்தவம் II  
 Christianity II

43 E II

පැය තුනයි  
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்  
 Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි  
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்  
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

## Instructions:

\* Answer **five** questions selecting **two** questions from **Part I** and **three** questions from **Part II**.

## Part I

1. (i) Write **two** other names for the Pentateuch. (02 marks)
- (ii) Lutheran German scholars, who had done an in-depth investigation on the background of the Holy Bible, questioned the authorship of the Pentateuch attributed to Moses. Give **two** arguments presented by them. (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe **three** points that should be considered when studying the first eleven chapters of the book of Genesis. (06 marks)
- (iv) Explain under **four** points the themes and doctrines presented by Deuteronomical tradition. (08 marks)
2. (i) Mention **two** points about the Synoptic Gospels problem. (02 marks)
- (ii) Describe **two** similarities apparent in the Synoptic Gospels with examples. (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe **three** dissimilarities between the Synoptic Gospels and John's Gospel with examples. (06 marks)
- (iv) Mention **four** acts done by St. Paul in the mission of spreading the religion and explain with examples **four** activities that you can perform in order to continue the same. (08 marks)
3. (i) What did St. Peter explain while speaking forcefully in the Council of Jerusalem? (02 marks)
- (ii) Give an introduction to the apologetic writers who were logicians and write the **two** common objectives of their writings. (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe **three** persecutions faced by Christians during the period of Emperor Valerian (from 254 AD - 260 AD). (06 marks)
- (iv) Mention **four** characteristics of the early Christian community that can be practiced in the present day society and explain the challenges that you would face in the process. (08 marks)

**Part II**

4. (i) Describe the creations of God in the first five days in sequence, according to the first account of the creation narrative in the Holy Bible. (10 marks)
- (ii) Mention the responsibility entrusted to man according to the above 4(i) narrative and discuss how you would fulfill it in your life referring to **four** points. (10 marks)
5. (i) All the Psalms of the Holy Bible can be classified under seven categories. Mention **five** of them and describe them. (10 marks)
- (ii) Summarize Psalm 23 and based on it explain the relationship between Christ and you focussing on **five** points. (10 marks)
6. (i) Describe **five** aspects of the discourse on the Church's authority and life of communion mentioned by St. Matthew. (10 marks)
- (ii) Explain **five** qualities you must possess in order to be a leader in a certain group of people. (10 marks)
7. (i) Describe **five** points about the Catholic Church in the Sixth century. (10 marks)
- (ii) Explain in **five** points the way you contribute to build national unity and religious co-existence. (10 marks)
8. (i) Describe **five** services rendered by the Catholic Church for the progress of Sri Lanka during the post independence era. (10 marks)
- (ii) Explain in **five** points the way you act in the society as youth, following the exemplary life of St. Joseph Vaz. (10 marks)

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